



# Wheat Busy | Autumn Tribal Tales



## Palaeolithic 450,000 BCE

Nomadic hunter gatherers. Humans move from place to place in search of food.

## Mesolithic 10,000 BCE

Humans began developing stone tools for hunting. Britain becomes an island as sea levels rise.

## Neolithic 4,000 BCE

Humans began to settle in one place and farmed crops.

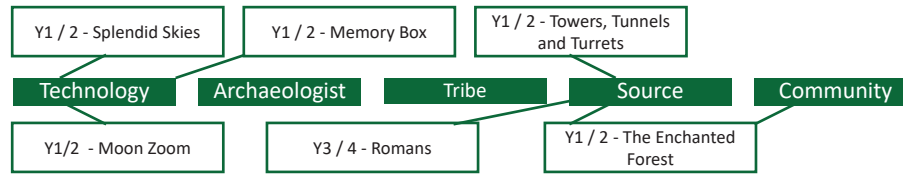
## Bronze Age 2,300 BCE

Bronze replaced stone as the best material for making tools, farming equipment and weapons.

## Iron Age 800 BCE

People lived in tribes and they were often at war with each other. Iron replaced bronze as the main material for tools and weapons.

## Link to Prior Learning / Key Concepts



## Key Places

### Skara Brae

A settlement from the Neolithic period in the Orkney Islands, Scotland. There are the remains of eight houses in total. Archaeologists have used the village to learn about how Stone Age people lived.



### Cheddar Man



Cheddar Man lived in the Somerset area 9,000 years ago and was buried in Cheddar Gorge, where his nearly complete skeleton was discovered in 1903



### Stonehenge



A prehistoric monument in Wiltshire, England. Made of stone, each standing stone is around 4 metres high. Archaeologists believe it may have been used for burials and ceremonies. Some of the stones came from Wales 240 miles away.

800,000 BCE  
Palaeolithic era  
Earliest footprints in Britain date back to this time.

40,000 BCE  
Earliest humans in Britain.

12,000 BCE  
Ice Age ends

8,500 BCE  
Climate in Britain gets warmer.

6,000 BCE  
Britain becomes an island.

4,000 BCE  
Farming begins in Britain

3,500 BCE  
The first pottery is made and used.

3,000 BCE  
Stonehenge and Skara Brae begin being built.

2,500 BCE  
Metal begins being used for weapons and tools

800 BCE  
The first hill forts are made.

AD 43  
Romans invade Britain. The Iron Age ends.

## Vocabulary

- Agriculture** The process of growing crops and rearing animals for food.
- Archaeologist** Someone who studies the past through remains and objects.
- Artifact** An object that tells us how people used to live.
- Extinct** Animals that are now all dead.
- Hunter gatherer** People who hunt animals and gather plants for their food.
- Nomad** A person who moves around with no fixed home.
- Prehistory** The period in history before any written records.
- Settlement** A place where people establish a community.
- Smelting** A process to separate metal from rocks by heating and melting the metal.
- The Ice Age** A period of extreme cold across Earth.
- Tribe** A group of families or communities that share a common culture and language, usually with one leader.